

The Standard For Residual Control In Soybeans

Benefits of Zidua® Herbicide

- Longest lasting residual control—up to two weeks longer than other herbicides
- Superior Palmer Amaranth and Waterhemp control
- Use rates are as much as 10 times less than other brands
- New standard for use flexibility

Zidua herbicide provides superior residual control and use flexibility in one product.

Broadleaf Weed Control



2011 photos of the full rate comparison at Rhower, AR.

These were taken 20 DAT and the primary weed is Palmer Amaranth.



Glyphosate Resistant Waterhemp Control - 2011 Soybean Plots





Zidua® Herbicide 2 oz PRE

SEREC-Rhower, AR. Dr. Ken Smith-20 DAT.



In the photo on the right, Zidua herbicide was applied at 2.5 oz/A and Sharpen herbicide was applied at 1 fl oz/A. UI Field Trial (SWHZIDUA) Central, IL. Preemergence (41 DAT). Photos taken 06-29-11.



Best Use Recommendations

Soybean Use Rate: 1.5–3.5 oz/A
Labeled Crops: Corn, Soybean, Wheat
Application Timing*: Fall, Preplant,
Preemergence and Postemergence

- Use rate is dependent on soil texture and application timing. Please consult label for appropriate application rate in your field.
- * Timing depends on crop

Weeds Controlled or Suppressed:

Grasses and Sedges

- Broadleaf signalgrass
- Bromus spp.
- Crabgrass spp.
- Goosegrass
- Foxtail spp.
- Johnsongrass (seedling)

Broadleaf Weeds

- Carpetweed
- Common ragweed
- Kochia
- Lambsquarters
- Marestail (horseweed)
- Morningglory spp.
- Nightshade spp.

- Panicum spp.
- Ryegrass spp.
- Shattercane
- Wild proso millet
- Woolly cupgrass
- Yellow Nutsedge
- Palmer amaranth
- Pigweed spp.
- Prickly sida
- Velvetleaf
- Waterhemp
- Wild Buckwheat

General Information:

- Zidua herbicide may be applied in water or in sprayable liquid nitrogen fertilizer solutions. Zidua herbicide may also be applied impregnated on dry bulk fertilizers.
- A minimum of 1/2" of rainfall or overhead irrigation is required following application and prior to weed emergence for optimal performance.



