



Cevya[®] Fungicide on Berries

Built to Last. Strong Control and Flexibility with Less Uncertainty.

Fast Uptake, High Potency and Residual Activity Leads to More Effective Disease Control.





Monilinia Infected Berries

Mummy Berries



Monilinia Shoot Infection

Photo Credit: Tim Miles, Michigan State University.

Cevya Fungicide Control of Mummy Berry on Blueberry



2020 Dr. Tim Miles, Michigan State University. Treatments 4/24 (early green tip); 5/1 (late green tip); 5/8 (late green tip); 5/15 (pink bud); 5/22 (bloom) and 5/30 (petal fall). BASF sponsored trial.



Cevya® Fungicide Best Use Recommendations

Application Tips

- Cevya fungicide should be applied preventively, prior to disease onset
- Thorough and uniform coverage for best performance
- Rainfast 1 hour after spray has dried

Pre-Harvest Interval: Zero (0) days

Minimum Retreatment Interval: 7 days

Target Diseases	Use Rate (fl oz/A)	
	Single Application	Season Total
Monilinia blight and mummy berry (<i>Monilinia</i> spp.)	3-5	15

Crop List – Berries*

Blueberry, highbush; blueberry, lowbush

*For a full list of crops included in crop group, see label.





To learn more about crop protection products from BASF, visit www.agproducts.basf.us





Always read and follow label directions. Cevya fungicide may not be registered for sale or use in all states. Please check with your state or local Extension Service. Refer to label for registered uses. It is a violation of Federal law to use a product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Cevya is a registered trademark of BASF. Luna and Proline are registered trademarks of Bayer. ©2020 BASF. All Rights Reserved. APN# 2011006 Cevya-Berries-2020